



UDFs for Multiphase Flows

Advanced UDF
Modeling Course

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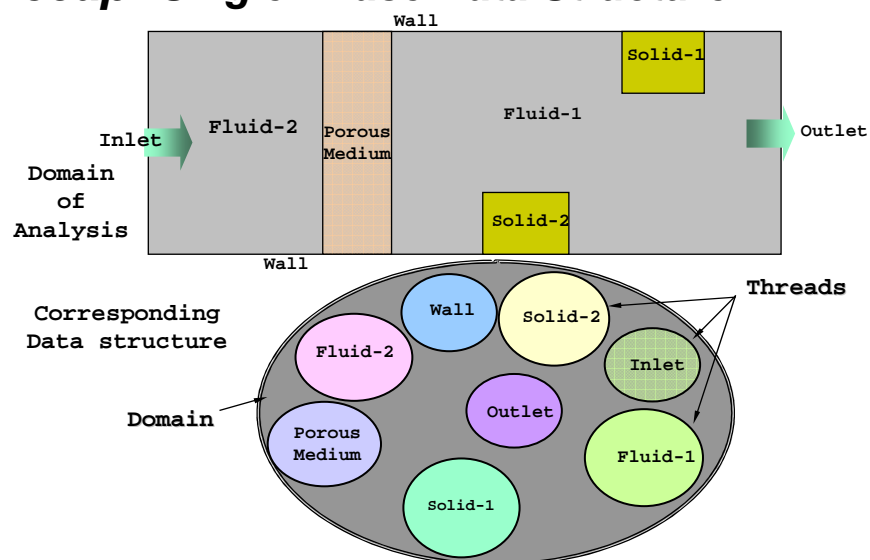
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Recap: Single Phase Data Structure



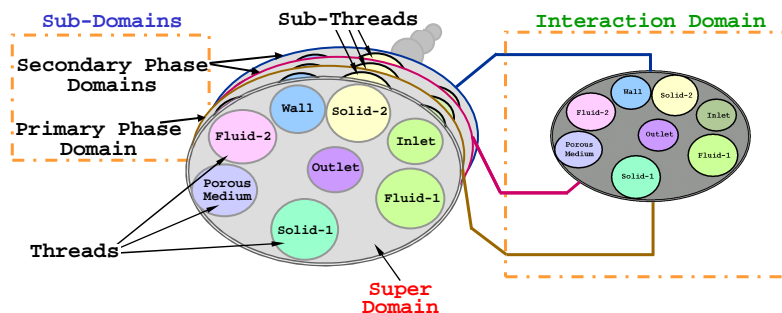
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Data Structure for Multiphase Models

- ◆ Data Structure in multiphase models involve **multiple domains**:
 - **Super Domain**: This is the top-level domain contains all phase-independent and **mixture** data: geometry, connectivity, property
 - **Sub-domains (phase domains)**: Each phase has a sub-domain that inherits the mixture-specific data and maintains the phase-specific data
 - **Interaction Domain**: To activate the phase interaction mechanisms

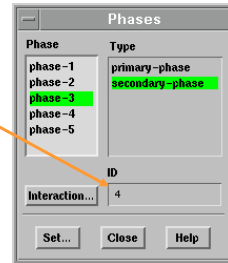


The Threads in Multi-Domains

- ◆ The mixture:
 - In single-phase, a mixture represents the sum over all the **species**
 - In multiphase it represents the sum over all the **phases**
- ◆ This distinction is important
 - Also, the code will later be extended to multiphase multi-component fluids (where, for example, *a phase could be a mixture of species*)
- ◆ Thread data structures:
 - Threads must be associated with the super domain and all sub-domains
 - For each cell (or face) thread of the super domain, there is a corresponding cell (or face) thread for each sub-domain
 - Some of the information defined in one thread of the super domain is shared with the corresponding threads of each of the sub-domains
 - Threads associated with the super domain are referred to as super-threads
 - Threads associated with the subdomain are referred to as phase-level threads or sub-threads

The Domain-Ids and The Thread-Ids

- ◆ For multiphase models, the domains need to be identified by unique Ids (including Interaction domain)
- ◆ **Domain_ID** of the super (mixture) domain is always '1'
- ◆ **Domain_IDs** are **not necessarily ordered** sequentially
- ◆ Therefore, to access the phase domains, each phase also has a **phase_domain_index**:
 - '0' for the primary phase
 - 'N-1' for the last secondary phase
 - **phase_domain_index** is used in UDFs to retrieve phase thread pointers
 - Useful when you want to access data for another phase from an UDF for a particular phase



Domain Looping Macro

- ◆ **sub_domain_loop(subdomain, mixture_domain, phase_index)**
 - Loops over all phases (sub-domains) in a mixture
 - **mixture_domain** is already available
 - **subdomain, phase_index** are defined locally, initialized within the macro
- ◆ An Example for the loop, **Domain_ID** and the **phase_domain_index**:

```
DEFINE_ADJUST(print_id, mix_domain)
{
    Domain *s_d; /*subdomain pointer, locally defined*/
    int p_d; /* loop counter for phase_domain_index, locally defined*/
    int p_d_id; /* mix_domain is available*/
    sub_domain_loop(s_d, mix_domain, p_d)
    {
        p_d_id = DOMAIN_ID(s_d);
        Message("the phase domain id = %d and the phase
                domain index = %d\n", p_d_id, p_d);
    }
}
```

Thread Looping Macro

- ◆ `sub_thread_loop(subthread,mixture_thread,phase_index)`
 - Loops over all threads in a mixture
 - `mixture_thread` is already available
 - `subthread` & `phase_index` are defined locally, initialized within the macro

An Example:

```
/*compute bulk density of mixture and store it in a UDM*/
DEFINE_ADJUST(calc_den, mix_domain)
{
  Thread *mix_thread;
  thread_loop_c(mix_thread,mix_domain)
  {
    cell_t c;
    begin_c_loop(c,mix_thread)
    {
      Thread *s_t;
      int p_d_i;
      C_UDMI(c,mix_thread,0) = 0.;
      sub_thread_loop(s_t, mix_thread, p_d_i)
      C_UDMI(c,mix_thread,0) += C_VOF(c,s_t)*C_R(c,s_t);
    }
    end_c_loop(c,mix_thread)
  }
}
```

Other Looping Macros

- ◆ `mp_thread_loop_c(cell_thread, mixture_domain, pt)`
 - `cell_thread` is a pointer to mixture thread in the `mixture_domain`
 - `mixture_domain` is already assumed to be available
 - `pt` is an array of thread pointers
- ◆ `mp_thread_loop_f(face_threads, mixture_domain, pt)`
 - `face_threads` is a pointer to face thread in the `mixture_domain`
 - `mixture_domain` is already assumed to be available
 - `pt` is an array of thread pointers pointing to the phase-level threads

An Example:

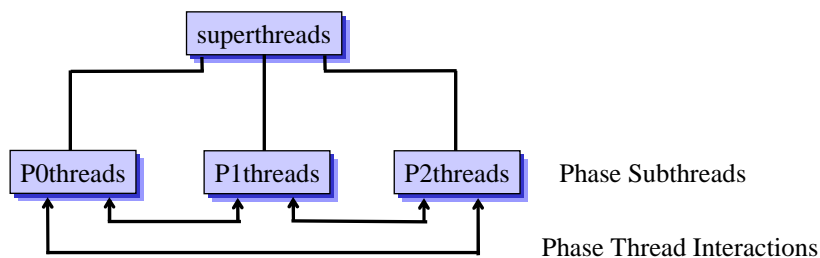
```
DEFINE_ADJUST(print_vof, mix_domain)
{
  Thread *mix_thread;
  Thread **pt;
  mp_thread_loop_c(mix_thread, mix_domain, pt)
  {
    cell_t c;
    begin_c_loop(c, mix_thread)
    {
      Message("cell volume fraction = %f\n",C_VOF(c,pt[0]));
    }
    end_c_loop(c, mix_thread)
  }
}
```

Access the Right Thread / Domain

- ◆ While writing UDF's, it is important that the right thread / domain is accessed
 - **C_R(cell,thread)** will return
 - The mixture density if **thread** is the mixture thread or
 - The phase densities if it is the **phase thread**
- ◆ In general the type of '**DEFINE**' macro determines which thread or domain (mixture or phase) gets passed to your UDF
 - **DEFINE_INIT** and **DEFINE_ADJUST** functions always get passed the domain structure associated with the super domain
 - **DEFINE_ON_DEMAND** functions are not passed any domain structures
 - If your UDF is not explicitly passed the pointer to the thread or domain required, then you can use a multiphase-specific utility macro to retrieve it

Superthreads and Phasethreads

- ◆ Each Thread is also in a hierarchy that matches that of the domains
- ◆ The "**superthreads**" are where the "mixture" of the phases is stored and so are often called the "**mixture threads**"
- ◆ Shared values such as the cell's geometry data are stored in the superthread
- ◆ Each Phase has its own set of threads known as a "**subthreads**" or "**phase threads**"



Access Variables External to a UDF

- ◆ **Get_Domain(Domain-ID)**
 - Usage: `Domain *domain=Get_Domain(n);`
'n' is the **Domain-ID**, as appear in Define-Phase GUI. **It is always '1' for the mixture domain**
- ◆ **DOMAIN_ID(domain)**
 - Usage: `int domain_id = Domain_ID(subdomain);`
'subdomain' is the pointer to a phase-level domain; **domain_id** upon return is the same integer ID displayed in the GUI under Define-Phases panel
- ◆ **DOMAIN_SUB_DOMAIN(mixture_domain,ph_domain_index)**
 - Usage: `Domain *mixture_domain;`
`Domain *subdomain = DOMAIN_SUB_DOMAIN(mixture_domain, phase_domain_index);`
returns the phase pointer subdomain for the **phase_domain_index**

Access Variables External to a UDF (2)

- ◆ **THREAD_SUB_THREAD(mixture_thread,ph_domain_index)**
 - Usage:
`int ph_d_index = 0; /* primary phase index is 0 */`
`Thread *mix_th; /* mixture-level thread pointer */`
`Thread *subth=THREAD_SUB_THREAD(mix_th, ph_d_index);`
returns the phase-level thread pointer for the given **ph_d_index**
- ◆ **THREAD_SUB_THREADS(mixture_thread)**
 - Usage:
`Thread *mixture_thread;`
`Thread **pt; /* initialize pt: pointer array */`
`pt = THREAD_SUB_THREADS(mixture_thread)`
returns the pointer array, **pt**, whose elements contain pointers to phase-level threads (subthreads)

Access Variables External to a UDF (3)

◆ THREAD_SUPER_THREAD(subthread)

➤ Usage:

```
Thread *subthread; /*pointer to a phase thread within the mixture*/  
Thread *mix_thread=THREAD_SUPER_THREAD(subthread)
```

Given a phase thread pointer, it returns the super-thread (mixture-thread) pointer

◆ DOMAIN_SUPER_DOMAIN(subdomain)

➤ Usage:

```
Domain *subdomain; /*pointer to a phase domain within the mixture*/  
Domain *mixture_domain = DOMAIN_SUPER_DOMAIN(subdomain)
```

It returns the mixture domain pointer

Access Variables External to a UDF (4)

◆ PHASE_DOMAIN_INDEX(subdomain)

➤ Usage:

```
Domain *subdomain; /*points to a phase domain within the mixture*/  
int phase_domain_index = PHASE_DOMAIN_INDEX(subdomain)
```

returns the phase domain index for the phase domain (subdomain) pointer;

It is an integer that starts with '0' for the primary phase and is incremented by one for each secondary phase

◆ THREAD_DOMAIN(thread)

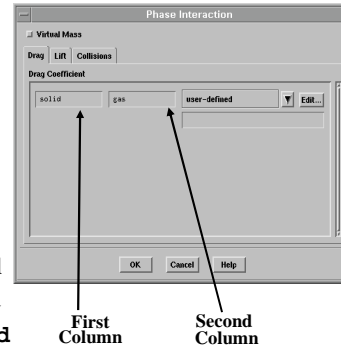
➤ Usage:

```
Thread *subthread; /*points to a phase thread within the mixture*/  
Thread *mix_thread=THREAD_SUPER_THREAD(subthread)  
Domain *subd=THREAD_DOMAIN(subthread); /*points to a phase domain*/  
Domain *mixd=THREAD_DOMAIN(subthread); /*points to mixture domain*/
```

returns domain pointer for the **thread**

Exchange Macros(1)

- ◆ **DEFINE_EXCHANGE_PROPERTY**
(name, c, mixture_thread,
second_column_phase_index,
first_column_phase_index)
- This macro is used to specify custom drag & lift coefficients for the Eulerian multiphase model
- **mixture_thread** points to the mixture thread
- **c** is the index of a cell on the **mixture_thread**
- **first_column_phase_index** and **second_column_phase_index** are integer identifiers corresponding to the pair of phases in your multiphase flow
- The identifiers correspond to the phases that are selected in the Phase-Interaction panel in the GUI
- The UDF returns the real value of the lift or drag coefficient



Exchange Macros(2)

- ◆ **DEFINE_VECTOR_EXCHANGE_PROPERTY(name, c, mixture_thread,
second_column_phase_index, first_column_phase_index,
vector_result)**
- This macro is used to specify custom slip velocities for multiphase Mixture model
- **mixture_thread** points to the mixture thread
- **c** is the index of a cell on the **mixture_thread**
- **first_column_phase_index** and **second_column_phase_index** are integer identifiers corresponding to the pair of phases in your multiphase flow
- The identifiers correspond to the phases that are selected in the **Phase-Interaction** panel in the GUI
- The UDF is passed the real pointer to the slip velocity vector **vector_result**, and it will need to set the components of the slip velocity vector

Exchange Macros(3)

An Example:

```
#include "udf.h"
#include "sg_mphase.h"
DEFINE_VECTOR_EXCHANGE_PROPERTY(custom_slip, c, mixture_thread,
second_column_phase_index, first_column_phase_index, vector_result)
{
    real grav[2] = {0., -9.81};
    real K = 5.e4;
    real pgrad_x, pgrad_y;
    Thread *pt, *st; /* thread pointers for primary & secondary phases*/

    pt = THREAD_SUB_THREAD(mixture_thread, second_column_phase_index);
    st = THREAD_SUB_THREAD(mixture_thread, first_column_phase_index);
    /* Now the threads are known for primary (0) & secondary(1) phases */
    pgrad_x = C_DP(c, mixture_thread)[0];
    pgrad_y = C_DP(c, mixture_thread)[1];
    vector_result[0] = -(pgrad_x/K)+(((C_R(c,st)-C_R(c,pt))/K)*grav[0]);
    vector_result[1] = -(pgrad_y/K)+(((C_R(c,st)-C_R(c,pt))/K)*grav[1]);
}
```

Cavitation Macros

- ◆ **DEFINE_CAVITATION_RATE** (*name,c,t,p,rhoV,rhoL,vofV,p_v,n_b,mdot*)
- ◆ You can use this macro to model the creation of vapor due to pressure tension in a multiphase flow
 - It is applied in the **User-Defined-Function-Hooks**→**Cavitation-Mass-Rate-Function** panel
 - **t** is a pointer to the mixture-level thread
 - **c** is the index of a cell on the thread pointed to by **t**
 - The remaining arguments are real pointers to the following data:
 - Shared pressure (**p**), vapor density (**rhoV**), liquid density (**rhoL**), vapor volume fraction (**vofV**), vaporization pressure (**p_v**), number of bubbles per unit volume (**n_b**), and rate of vapor formation (**mdot**)
 - The UDF sets the value referenced by the real pointer **mdot**, to the cavitation rate

Miscellaneous: Multiphase Macros

- ◆ Phase diameter
 - `C_PHASE_DIAMETER(c, phase_thread)`
- ◆ Phase Volume-fraction
 - `C_VOF(c, phase_thread)`
- ◆ Phase velocity gradients
 - `C_U_G(c, phase_thread)`
 - `C_V_G(c, phase_thread)`
 - `C_W_G(c, phase_thread)`

Miscellaneous : Multiphase Macros

- ◆ Phase volume fraction gradients: `C_VOF_G(c, phase_thread)`
 - Memory needs to be allocated and gradients need to be explicitly calculated

```
Domain    *pDomain = DOMAIN_SUB_DOMAIN(domain, P_PHASE);
Alloc_Storage_Vars    (pDomain, SV_VOF_RG, SV_VOF_G, SV_NULL);
Scalar_Reconstruction(pDomain, SV_VOF, -1, SV_VOF_RG, NULL);
Scalar_Derivatives    (pDomain, SV_VOF, -1, SV_VOF_G, SV_VOF_RG,
                       Vof_Deriv_Accumulate);
```

Miscellaneous: Multiphase Macros

- ◆ Check if a given thread is a “super” or “sub” thread

THREAD_SUPER_THREAD(thread) is **NULL** for mixture thread,
and not **NULL** for phase threads

- mixture : **if (NULLP (THREAD_SUPER_THREAD(thread)))**
- phase : **if (!NULLP (THREAD_SUPER_THREAD(thread)))**