

Advanced FLUENT Training
UDF
Mar 2007

Fluent User Services Center
www.fluentusers.com

ANSYS[®]
FLUENT[®]

Welcome to Fluent Europe

- ◆ Introducing your trainer....
- ◆ Domestic issues:
 - Toilets – *all in entrance lobby near reception*
 - Tea, Coffee and Water – *help yourself, in customer dining room*
 - Fire Alarm and Escape Routes (*note alarms are tested at 09:15 Tuesday*)
 - Visitors Badge – *Leave on front reception desk if you go out at lunchtime, and when you leave for the evening.*
 - Smoking – *Outside only.*
 - Taxis – *Please let reception know by lunchtime if you need a taxi for the evening.*



© 2006 ANSYS, Inc. All rights reserved. 1-2 ANSYS, Inc. Proprietary

Agenda

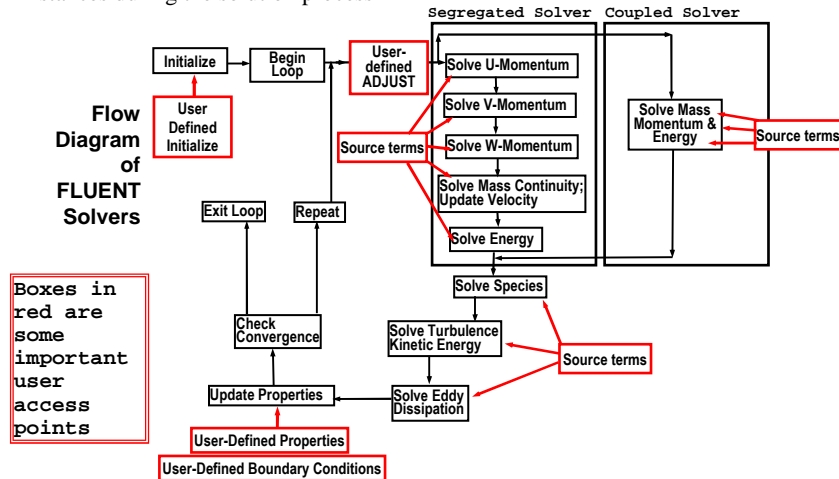
09:15 – 09:30	General Introduction to User Defined Functions
09:30 – 10:00	Fluent Data Structure and Macros
10:00 – 10:15	Break
10:15 – 10:45	Interpreted / Compiled UDF
10:45 – 11:45	UDF Hooks - 'DEFINE' Macros
11:45 – 12:30	Tutorial Session
12:30 – 13:30	Lunch
13:30 – 14:00	User Defined Scalars and Memories
14:00 – 14:30	UDF for Discrete Phase Model
14:30 – 15:00	UDF for Multiphase Flows
15:00 – 15:15	Break
15:15 – 16:00	Tutorial-session-2
16:00 – 16:30	UDF for Parallel FLUENT
16:30 – 17:00	Miscellaneous Functions / Macros

Why Build UDFs?

- Standard interface can not be programmed to anticipate all needs
- Customization of boundary conditions, source terms, reaction rates (volume and surface), properties
- Solution initialization
- Adjust functions (once per iteration)
- Solve for user defined scalars
- Modify model specific parameters
- Many more...
- ◆ Limitations
 - Not all solution variables or solver models can be accessed by UDFs
 - Example: Cannot change specific heat (would require additional solver capabilities)

User Access Points to the Solver

- ◆ Fluent is so designed that the user can access the solver at some strategic instances during the solution process



User Defined Functions in FLUENT

- ◆ User Defined Functions are not just any C-functions:
 - User access needs specific “Type” of function calls
 - These Function types or macros are defined in the header file (e.g., udf.h)
- ◆ UDF's in FLUENT are available for:
 - **Profiles** (Boundary Conditions)
velocity, temperature, turbulence, species, scalars
 - **Source terms** (Fluid and solid zones)
mass, momentum, energy, species, turbulence, scalars
 - **Properties**
viscosity, conductivity, density, scattering_phase_function (except specific heat)
 - **Initialization**
zone and variable specific initialization
 - **Global Functions**
adjust, read, write, execute_on_demand
 - **Scalar Functions**
unsteady term, flux vector, diffusivity
 - **Model Specific Functions**
reaction rates, discrete phase model, turbulent viscosity